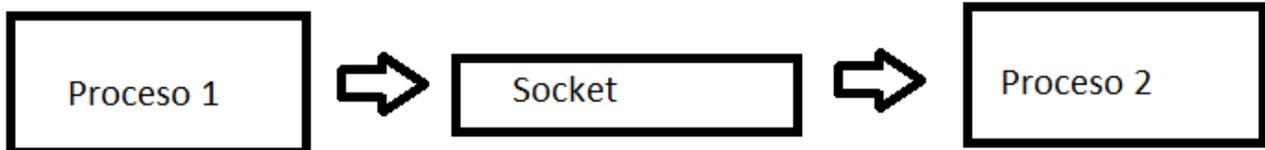


# Sockets

Un Socket es un punto de conexión (Una Tubería o un Canal) entre 2 procesos e identificado por una IP y un Puerto. En este caso serán 2 procesos ejecutándose simultáneamente conectados por un socket.



Un socket funciona de una forma similar a la de los ficheros.

## Cliente

```
Socket socket = new Socket("127.0.0.1", 5000);

BufferedReader br = null;
PrintWriter pw = null;

br = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(socket.getInputStream()))//Buffer de lectura
pw = new PrintWriter(new OutputStreamWriter(socket.getOutputStream()))//Buffer de Escritura

br.readLine();
pw.println("texto a enviar");//Texto a mandar por el Socket
pw.flush();//Similar al fflush stdin de C OJO
pw.push();//
```

## Servidor

```
//Primero creamos el socket
ServerSocket serverSocket = new ServerSocket(2013)//Indicamos el puerto de escucha, en este caso 2013

//esperamos una petición
Socket socket = ServerSocket.accept();//Esto para la ejecución y nos devuelve un socket

BufferedReader br = null;
PrintWriter pw = null;

br = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(socket.getInputStream()))//Buffer de lectura
pw = new PrintWriter(new OutputStreamWriter(socket.getOutputStream()))//Buffer de Escritura

br.readLine();
pw.println("texto a enviar");//Texto a mandar por el Socket
pw.flush();//Similar al fflush stdin de C OJO
pw.push();
```

# Implementación Cliente

```
1 package jelouda;
2
3 import java.io.BufferedReader;
10
11 public class Cliente {
12     public void ejecutar() {
13         try {
14
15
16             System.out.print("Lanzando conexión...");
17
18             Socket socket = new Socket ("127.0.0.1", Servidor.PUERTO);//Conectamos al servidor
19
20             System.out.println("[OK]");
21
22
23             BufferedReader br = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(socket.getInputStream()));//Bufer de lectura
24             PrintWriter pw = new PrintWriter(new OutputStreamWriter(socket.getOutputStream()));//Buffer de escritura
25
26             String cadenaRecibida = br.readLine();
27             System.out.println(cadenaRecibida);
28
29             pw.println("cadena recibida" + cadenaRecibida);
30             pw.flush();
31
32             System.out.println("Fin del Cliente");
33
34         }catch(IOException e){
35             e.printStackTrace();
36         }
37     }
38
39     public static void main(String[] args) {
40         Cliente client = new Cliente();
41         client.ejecutar();
42     }
43 }
44 }
```

```
package jelouda;

import java.io.BufferedReader;
import java.io.IOException;
import java.io.InputStreamReader;
import java.io.OutputStreamWriter;
import java.io.PrintWriter;
import java.net.ServerSocket;
import java.net.Socket;
import java.util.Scanner;

public class Cliente {
    public void ejecutar() {
        try {
            System.out.print("Lanzando conexión...");
            Socket socket = new Socket ("127.0.0.1",
Servidor.PUERTO);//Conectamos al servidor
            System.out.println("[OK]");
            BufferedReader br = new BufferedReader(new
InputStreamReader(socket.getInputStream()));//Bufer de lectura
            PrintWriter pw = new PrintWriter(new
OutputStreamWriter(socket.getOutputStream()));//Buffer de escritura
```

```

        String cadenaRecibida = br.readLine();
        System.out.println(cadenaRecibida);
        pw.println("cadena recibida" + cadenaRecibida);
        pw.flush();
        System.out.println("Fin del Cliente");
    }catch(IOException e){
        e.printStackTrace();
    }
}
public static void main(String[] args) {
    Cliente client = new Cliente();
    client.ejecutar();
}
}
}

```

## Implementación Servidor

```

1 package jelouda;
2
3 import java.io.BufferedReader;
4 import java.io.IOException;
5 import java.io.InputStreamReader;
6 import java.io.OutputStreamWriter;
7 import java.io.PrintWriter;
8 import java.net.ServerSocket;
9 import java.net.Socket;
10
11 public class Servidor {
12     public static int PUERTO = 5000; //Indicamos el puerto del servidor
13     public void ejecutar() {
14         try {
15
16             System.out.println("Lanzando Servidor...");
17             ServerSocket serverSocket = new ServerSocket(Servidor.PUERTO);
18
19             Socket socket = serverSocket.accept();
20
21             BufferedReader br = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(socket.getInputStream())); //Buffer entrada
22             PrintWriter pw = new PrintWriter(new OutputStreamWriter(socket.getOutputStream())); //Buffer salida
23
24             String cadenaRecibida = br.readLine();
25
26             pw.print(cadenaRecibida);
27             pw.flush();
28             System.out.println("Fin del Servidor");
29         }catch(IOException e){
30             e.printStackTrace();
31         }
32     }
33
34     public static void main(String[] args) {
35         Servidor server = new Servidor();
36         server.ejecutar();
37     }
38 }
39

```

```
package jelouda;
```

```
import java.io.BufferedReader;
import java.io.IOException;
```

```
import java.io.InputStreamReader;
import java.io.OutputStreamWriter;
import java.io.PrintWriter;
import java.net.ServerSocket;
import java.net.Socket;
import java.util.Scanner;

public class Servidor {
    public static int PUERTO = 5000;//Indicamos el puerto del servidor
    public void ejecutar() {
        try {
            System.out.println("Lanzando Servidor...");
            ServerSocket serverSocket = new ServerSocket(Servidor.PUERTO);
            Socket socket = serverSocket.accept();
            BufferedReader br = new BufferedReader(new
InputStreamReader(socket.getInputStream()));//Buffer entrada
            PrintWriter pw = new PrintWriter(new
OutputStreamWriter(socket.getOutputStream()));//Buffer salida
            String cadenaRecibida = br.readLine();
            pw.print(cadenaRecibida);
            pw.flush();
            System.out.println("Fin del Servidor");
        }catch(IOException e){
            e.printStackTrace();
        }
    }
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Servidor server = new Servidor();
        server.ejecutar();
    }
}
```

## Implementación Servidor continuo

[Añadimos un nuevo método al que llamaremos ejecutar infinito:](#)

```

public void ejecutarInfinito() {
    try {

        System.out.println("Lanzando Servidor...");
        ServerSocket serverSocket = new ServerSocket(Servidor.PUERTO);
        Socket socket = serverSocket.accept();
        BufferedReader br = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(socket.getInputStream())); //Buffer entrada
        PrintWriter pw = new PrintWriter(new OutputStreamWriter(socket.getOutputStream())); //Buffer salida

        while(true) {
            System.out.println(br.readLine());
            pw.println(br.readLine());
            pw.flush();
        }

    } catch (IOException e) {
        e.printStackTrace();
    }
}

```

```

package jelouda;

import java.io.BufferedReader;
import java.io.IOException;
import java.io.InputStreamReader;
import java.io.OutputStreamWriter;
import java.io.PrintWriter;
import java.net.ServerSocket;
import java.net.Socket;
import java.util.Scanner;

public class Servidor {
    public static int PUERTO = 5000; //Indicamos el puerto del servidor
    public void ejecutar() {
        try {
            System.out.println("Lanzando Servidor...");
            ServerSocket serverSocket = new ServerSocket(Servidor.PUERTO);
            //Lo hacemos continuo
            //Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
            //sc.nextLine();
            Socket socket = serverSocket.accept();
            BufferedReader br = new BufferedReader(new
InputStreamReader(socket.getInputStream())); //Buffer entrada
            PrintWriter pw = new PrintWriter(new
OutputStreamWriter(socket.getOutputStream())); //Buffer salida
            String cadenaRecibida = br.readLine();
            pw.print(cadenaRecibida);
            pw.flush();
            System.out.println("Fin del Servidor");
        } catch (IOException e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
        }
    }
    public void ejecutarInfinito() {
        try {
            System.out.println("Lanzando Servidor...");

```

```
        ServerSocket serverSocket = new ServerSocket(Servidor.PUERTO);
        Socket socket = serverSocket.accept();
        BufferedReader br = new BufferedReader(new
InputStreamReader(socket.getInputStream())); //Buffer entrada
        PrintWriter pw = new PrintWriter(new
OutputStreamWriter(socket.getOutputStream())); //Buffer salida
        while(true) {
            System.out.println(br.readLine());
            pw.println(br.readLine());
            pw.flush();
        }
    } catch(IOException e){
        e.printStackTrace();
    }
}
public static void main(String[] args) {
    Servidor server = new Servidor();
    server.ejecutar();
}
}
```

## Implementación cliente Continuo

Añadimos un nuevo método al que llamaremos ejecutar infinito:

```
public void ejecutarInfinito() {
    try {

        System.out.print("Lanzando conexión...");

        Socket socket = new Socket ("127.0.0.1", Servidor.PUERTO); //Conectamos al servidor

        System.out.println("[OK]");

        BufferedReader br = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(socket.getInputStream())); //Bufer de lectura
        PrintWriter pw = new PrintWriter(new OutputStreamWriter(socket.getOutputStream())); //Buffer de escritura

        String lineaLeida = "";
        Scanner teclado = new Scanner(System.in);

        while(true) {
            lineaLeida = teclado.nextLine();
            pw.println(lineaLeida);
            pw.flush();
        }

    } catch(IOException e){
        e.printStackTrace();
    }
}
```

```
package jelouda;
```

```
import java.io.BufferedReader;
import java.io.IOException;
import java.io.InputStreamReader;
```

```
import java.io.OutputStreamWriter;
import java.io.PrintWriter;
import java.net.ServerSocket;
import java.net.Socket;
import java.util.Scanner;

public class Cliente {
    public void ejecutar() {
        try {
            System.out.print("Lanzando conexión....");
            Socket socket = new Socket ("127.0.0.1",
Servidor.PUERTO);//Conectamos al servidor
            System.out.println("[OK]");
            BufferedReader br = new BufferedReader(new
InputStreamReader(socket.getInputStream()));//Bufer de lectura
            PrintWriter pw = new PrintWriter(new
OutputStreamWriter(socket.getOutputStream()));//Buffer de escritura
            String cadenaRecibida = br.readLine();
            System.out.println(cadenaRecibida);
            pw.println("cadena recibida" + cadenaRecibida);
            pw.flush();
            System.out.println("Fin del Cliente");
        }catch(IOException e){
            e.printStackTrace();
        }
    }
    public void ejecutarInfinito() {
        try {
            System.out.print("Lanzando conexión....");
            Socket socket = new Socket ("127.0.0.1",
Servidor.PUERTO);//Conectamos al servidor
            System.out.println("[OK]");
            BufferedReader br = new BufferedReader(new
InputStreamReader(socket.getInputStream()));//Bufer de lectura
            PrintWriter pw = new PrintWriter(new
OutputStreamWriter(socket.getOutputStream()));//Buffer de escritura
            String lineaLeida = "";
            Scanner teclado = new Scanner(System.in);
            while(true) {
                lineaLeida = teclado.nextLine();
                pw.println(lineaLeida);
                pw.flush();
            }
        }catch(IOException e){
            e.printStackTrace();
        }
    }
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Cliente client = new Cliente();
        client.ejecutarInfinito();
    }
}
```

```
}  
}
```

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